

GEN. ROBERTS IS ALMOST ON THE BORDER

Of Transvaal Territory—Thousands of His Cavalry Force Already Across the Rhonoster River.

THE BOERS IN RAPID RETREAT

Toward the Vaal—Engineers Assert Pretoria is Able to Stand Over a Year's Siege.

LONDON, May 24, 3:40 a. m.—Lord Roberts is drawing near to the frontier of the Transvaal. His infantry masses are twenty-three miles north of Kroonstad, at the Rhonoster river. Some thousands of cavalry are already across the river.

The Boers are retreating toward the Vaal with their heavy baggage. They are reported from Pretoria as already across that river. Twelve thousand men and fourteen guns compose the retreating army. Trains continue to run from Veroniging, at the Vaal, to Pretoria.

Foreign engineers assert that Pretoria is able to stand a year's siege. The Transvaal government papers and the war chest have been removed to Lydenburg.

The Boer forces continue to dwindle. Some of the correspondents assert that probably only about twenty-four thousand of the hardest fighters yet remain, although there are detached parties in various parts of the Transvaal.

Women Tried to Assault Kruger. One of the curious pieces of gossip sent from Lourenzo Marques is that several women tried to assault President Kruger, who was rescued by his bodyguard. He rarely leaves the presidency now, but works incessantly, holding councils at daybreak and during the night.

Mafeking dispatches continue to pour into London relating the events immediately preceding the relief and the entry of the troops.

Lady Sarah Wilson has managed to get through a message from Mafeking, dated Thursday, and announcing the entry of the relief column. She says: "The fighting before the relief was very hard. A severe struggle proceeded yesterday (May 16) from 2 p. m. until dusk. The Boers were forced slowly to retreat, contesting every inch. At sunset they still held the last position. Colonel Mahon entered the town in the brilliant moonlight. The Boers were as tired out as we were and they never guessed that an attempt would be made to force an entry before morning. Therefore their surprise was complete. They deserted their laagers, leaving a lot of food, which was divided up among the people of Mafeking."

Bethune's Ambuscade. The snaring of the squadron of Bethune's Horse appears to have been quite as bad as was at first reported. General Bethune, thinking there were no Boers at Vryheid, determined to go that way toward New Castle, as a short cut. He left the main body behind and trotted into the ambush. The Boers had Maxims and the British, seeing they had no chance to retire, dashed forward to a point within twenty yards of the Boer rifles. Five officers and sixty-three men were killed or wounded. Bethune expected his four other squadrons to retire.

Dr. Leyds, according to the Brussels correspondent of the Daily Express, has quarreled with the Transvaal government. Inquiries made by representatives of the Associated Press to-day confirm the announcement made yesterday that no peace proposals or communication of any kind from President Kruger have been received, as reported in press dispatches here.

Advices Kruger to Surrender. CAPE TOWN, May 23.—It is reported here that President Kruger has received a telegram from Abraham Fischer, one of the Boer delegates now in the United States, advising him to surrender on the best terms obtainable from Lord Roberts. It is also understood that when Lord Roberts crosses the Vaal river he will issue a proclamation announcing that if the burghers return to their farms their property and stock will be protected.

RENEWED RIOTING

Attended by Another Fatality Marked the Progress of the St. Louis Street Car Strike Yesterday.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 23.—Renewed rioting and another fatality marked the progress of the street car strike to-day. This afternoon a Cass avenue car was stopped at the corner of Twenty-third street and Cass avenue to remove a boy who had been placed across the track. During the enforced halt a mob attacked the car, firing a number of shots. One of the bullets struck Special Policeman Duncan McLean, who was riding on the front platform with the conductor, in the left arm, passing through his body, and coming out on the right side. The policeman sank unconscious to the floor, and died in a few minutes. Other patrolmen who had been stationed at the corner to protect the car, then charged the crowd and beat them back. A riot call was sent in, and a dozen mounted policemen came at full gallop to the scene. The mob and forces soon restored order.

Others Injured. While Stank, who was sitting on the front seats was shot through the leg this afternoon, by a man on a Cass avenue car, supposed to be an emergency policeman who leaped out from the car and fired a shot at some fleeing boys.

who were stoning the car. It is feared the wound will prove fatal. R. B. Hodge, a conductor on the Tower Grove line, is a patient at St. John's hospital, suffering from injuries which it is feared will prove fatal. He was assaulted by a crowd of men on his car at the crossing of Salina street.

Negotiations were not reopened to-day with the representatives of the St. Louis Transit Company by Harry B. Hawes, president of the police board, as was expected. The grievance committee of the union decided that the proposition which Mr. Hawes asked permission to submit to the company was practically the same as that which had been rejected. It is said there is no prospect of another conference.

TREASURER KENDALL

Talks Entertainingly on His Congressional Prospects—Disclaims the Honor of Being the Father of Twins.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence. PARKERSBURG, W. Va., May 23.—State Treasurer Kendall was here to-day en route from the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal church at Chicago to Charleston, where he will attend an important meeting of the board of public works. He claims that the Chicago conference is the greatest gathering of the kind ever held in this country.

Referring to his congressional aspirations he said that he was not losing any sleep over the situation, as the delegates to the convention had been selected and it was their business to choose a candidate, adding: "I have a pretty broad hint from some of the delegates that they don't think very much of any of us, but I think they will doubtless do the best they can when they meet in convention. I must say, however, I am being treated unfairly in some respects. For instance, it has been extensively published that I am the father of twins, and the public thinks that should be honor enough for me. Now if they will produce the boys and convince me that they exist, outside of the newspapers, I will consider the advisability of withdrawing from the congressional race. Otherwise I must insist upon my rights."

ELEGANT RECEPTION

Tendered West Virginia Shriners and Their Ladies by Mrs. Senator Elkins—Many Distinguished Guests Present.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence. WASHINGTON, D. C., May 23.—The reception given this afternoon by Mrs. S. B. Elkins to the West Virginia Shriners and their ladies (Daughters of Isis), was largely attended, about every member of the order from that state and every lady visitor calling during the afternoon. Mrs. Elkins was assisted by Mrs. Alexander, of this city; Mrs. A. G. Dayton, Mrs. B. B. Doyner and Mrs. Senator N. B. Scott.

Among those from the state who paid their respects, in addition to the disciples of the scimitar and crescent, were ex-Governor E. W. Wilton and Mrs. Wilson, of Charleston; Colonel T. B. Davis and Mr. F. S. Landstreet, of Keyser, Senator Scott and Representatives Dayton and Johnston were in attendance during the progress of the function and met the out-of-town guests.

Three candidates for the nomination of state auditor, Messrs. Scherr, Swisher and Hall, were among the visitors in the city this week. Many of the out-of-town Shriners, including those from Wheeling and Charleston, are making preparations to leave Washington on early trains.

TO SECURE VACATIONS

For Employees of the Navy Yards, Senator Elkins Has Broadened the Question So It May Pass This Session.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence. WASHINGTON, May 23.—It proves to be too late in the present session to get through the bill championed by Senator Elkins, which was designed to give employees of navy yards fifteen days of leave on pay annually, and the effort will now now be to make the question broader so that it will come within the jurisdiction of the committee on education and labor, and thereafter to secure a favorable report. Senator Elkins has the active aid of Mr. R. Henry Lewis, who is chairman of the committee on legislation for the International Association of Machinists, the Pattern Makers' League, the Brotherhood of Blacksmiths, and the Machine Trades Helpers' Union, all under the auspices of the American Federation of Labor.

THE MEAT BILL

Passed by the German Reichstag. Importations It Prohibits.

BERLIN, May 23.—The reichstag to-day voting by roll call, adopted the meat bill by 162 to 123 votes. As it has passed the reichstag in addition to prohibiting the importation of canned or sausage meat, the bill provides that until December 31, 1903, the importation of fresh meat shall only be allowed in whole or in certain cases, in half carcasses and that the importation of prepared meat shall only be permitted when it is proved to be innocuous, which is regarded as being impossible of proof in the case of consignments of meat under four kilograms in weight. The bill also provides that after 1903 the importation of meat shall either be regulated by fresh legislation or the above mentioned provisions remain in force.

Worse Than the Original.

BERLIN, May 23.—The bill in the compromise form is regarded by United States Ambassador White as worse, in its bearing upon the United States than the original. "I am taking this view," said Mr. White, "I particularly refer to the virtual exclusion of our corned beef, which I deem unreasonable after its long use here and after the United States have proved its wholesomeness."

The Luther League's second day's session at Cincinnati was attended by 1,500 delegates.

OTHER CHARGES AGAINST NEELY TO BE MADE.

Charged With Conversion Into Cash of \$400 Worth of Surcharged Cuban Stamps Ordered Destroyed.

A THOROUGH INVESTIGATION

Being Made of Affairs of Fiscal Agents of the Government in Cuba and Porto Rico.

NEW YORK, May 23.—Papers are to-day enroute from Washington to New York, which will result in the preferring of other charges against Chas. F. W. Neely, now confined in the Ludlow street jail.

It is ascertained that these papers were sent from Cuba to the department at Washington and charge the alleged defaulting postal employe with the embezzlement of a sum approximating \$400.

This alleged embezzlement consists in the conversion into cash of the \$400 worth of "surcharged" Cuban postage stamps, which were ordered destroyed, and which were certified as having been destroyed by the committee appointed for that purpose, of which Neely was the head.

The above information comes from Edward K. Jones, special assistant to the United States attorney general in the Neely case.

"There is a new and more serious charge to be presented against Neely," said Mr. Jones, "which involved a much larger amount than heretofore shown. I do not know if he will be arrested to-day or not. The papers are on the way here, however."

"He is charged with having converted to his own use the supposedly destroyed Cuban stamps, and instances are cited where he sold some two-cent stamps to stamp collectors for as high as twenty cents each. There are evidences also that Neely's stealings were begun almost as soon as he took the office in Cuba."

Investigation Being Made.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The affairs of the fiscal agents of the government in Cuba and Porto Rico are undergoing a thorough investigation by Mr. Morris, the auditor of the war department. These accounts, particularly with respect to Cuba, are in a bad tangle.

"We have not yet reached the accounts of the North American Trust Company, our fiscal agent in Cuba," said Mr. Morris, "but we expect to get to them soon. We have, however, been working on the accounts of D. Ford & Co., who handle money for us in Porto Rico, and the case is identical with that of the trust company in Cuba. I have insisted that the accounts should be presented in proper form and that checks should be presented for every disbursement. In no instance have we allowed a commission for the simple transfer of money from one of our agents to another and we shall not allow it."

BRISTOW'S INSTRUCTIONS

Were Definite and Explicit With Regard to a Rigid Examination of Postal Frauds—Condign Punishment to be Meted Out to Offenders.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 23.—In the senate to-day the resolutions previously offered by Mr. Bacon, (Ga.), directing the committee on relations with Cuba to make an investigation regarding the receipts and expenditure of money in Cuba, was called up.

Mr. Platt, of Connecticut, said Congress could not well interfere with the investigation instituted by the postmaster general. He read a letter from Postmaster General Smith to Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow, who is charged with conducting the investigation, which urged upon him the most thorough investigation of all irregularities connected with the postal frauds, and the rigorous and unparrying prosecution of all guilty persons, and meeting out of swift and condign punishment.

Continuing, Mr. Platt said: "The people have confidence in William McKinley. No president while he was president, ever had the confidence of the people to the degree that President McKinley has it. Other presidents have been canonized after death, and it has been evidenced then that they had the confidence of the people, but no president in office has ever escaped the criticism and insinuation that McKinley has escaped. The people would be glad to leave this investigation to him. They know there would be no condoning of the fraud, no covering up of crime. But when charges are made simply for campaign purposes, I think we may as well make an investigation for ourselves."

Shortly before 3 o'clock Mr. Platt concluded and the resolution went over.

EXTRADITION BILL

Passed by House—Applies Directly to Neely—Democrats Opposed It.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The house to-day passed without division the extradition bill framed by the judiciary committee, but only after a debate in which considerable political rancor was aroused. There was no division of sentiment as to the duty of Congress to pass a bill to permit the extradition of Neely, but the Democrats objected to the language of the bill, which covered "any foreign country or territory or part thereof occupied by the United States."

The Democrats wanted the bill to apply specifically to Cuba, contending that the broader language assumed the possibility of further acquisitions by the United States of a character similar to that of Cuba. A motion to recommit

with instructions to change the language was defeated by a strict party vote.

Will Make Him Disgorge.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 23.—Attorney General Griggs said to-day that the department of justice will make strong endeavors to have Neely, the alleged Cuban defaulter give up some of the stolen money. It is believed that Neely's property interests are in such shape that they can be seized and made to pay part of the defalcation, if one is shown.

CHEERFUL SPOTS

Discovered in the Iron and Steel Market—Conditions Have Improved.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 23.—The American Manufacturer, in its iron and steel review, will say to-morrow: There are cheerful spots in the iron and steel situation, but they are not as large nor as brilliant as the producers would like to see.

Conditions have improved slightly over last week in the matter of production. Almost all of the finishing mills that were suspended for the past two weeks have been put into operation again to meet the increased business. Inquiries are more plenty and there is a good trade in sight ready to move just as soon as values are finally adjusted.

The whole situation is waiting upon the Bessemer producers. Prices for finished stuffs are as low as they can go under the prevailing tariffs for raw and semi-finished material. They cannot be brought down any further until this cost of Bessemer has been set down to meet the expected business. But with Bessemer for the second half of the year on a basis of \$30 per ton, the costs of finished stuffs may be adjusted to meet the demands of large buyers and still leave a healthy margin. It would not be a bad guess to say that the steel business of the next six months following July 1 will be on a business of \$20 Bessemer.

Plates are not weaker, but are not stronger, and may be bought in good lots for \$1.65. Sheets and structural are the mainstays of the case.

Fairmont High School Graduates.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence. FAIRMONT, W. Va., May 23.—At the high school commence the graduates were: Misses Blanche Barnes, Una Carpenter, Elva Collins, Georgia Hickman, Ora Kinsey, Elizabeth Lough, Clara Reinheimer, Anna Reinheimer, Mable Rutteneutter and Mr. Chesney Ramage. Their performances consisted of orations and recitations, interspersed with orchestral music. E. S. Clayton, president of the board of education, presented the diploma. The class day exercises were held on Monday and were of an interesting and entertaining character.

Republican Speeches in Demand.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence. WASHINGTON, May 23.—The national Republican committee is sending out large quantities of campaign literature to various sections of the country. There seems to be a greater demand for the speeches of Senators Ross and Fairbanks respectively on the American policy towards the insular possessions, than for any other documents. Chairman Dawson, at Charleston, has been given a large supply.

NEWS NUGGETS.

Kansas Democrats in state convention yesterday, instructed for Bryan.

The house of representatives yesterday, without division, adopted the resolution providing for the adjournment of Congress on June 6.

The summer Australia brings Honolulu advises to May 15. At that time there had not been a case of Bubonic plague for forty-six days, and business had resumed its former activity.

The Imperial Council of the Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine completed its session in Washington yesterday. Kansas City was chosen as the next Oarla, June 12 and 13, 1901.

Secretary Hay yesterday entertained at luncheon the Boer delegates now in Washington. The affair was an entirely personal compliment, extended by the secretary and had not a social significance.

Commissioner Wilson, of the internal revenue bureau, has held that bank checks issued by clerks of United States and state courts, by direction of or authority of the court, are exempt from taxation.

Jim Jeffries and Tom Sharkey will meet this afternoon and sign articles for a fight in August, probably at Coney Island, for the world's championship. Sharkey is already matched to fight Dick McCoy, on June 2.

The wage scale committee of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers yesterday afternoon announced that it had finished its report in secret session. No figures on the new scale have been given out.

A call has been issued for a mass convention to be held in Curry hall, Pittsburgh, on July 4, for the purpose of organizing the United Christian party for Pennsylvania, and nominating state officers and selecting presidential electors.

The blind chaplain in his invocation in the house of representatives at Washington, yesterday, rather startled the house by referring to the Cuban frauds which, he said, brought the blush of shame to the cheek of every true American. "We pray," he continued, "that the culprit will be brought to speedy justice, that we may give an object lesson in dealing with perjury and fraud."

The Westinghouse Air Brake Company, of Pittsburgh, has received an export order for material to be delivered at Lima, Peru. The order is worth about \$20,000, but is important in that it is the first to go to that country. The contract is for the delivery of sixty-three complete air brake equipments for the Lima Railroad Company, limited, to be used on fourteen locomotives and tenders and forty-nine passenger coaches.

The forty-second general assembly of the United Presbyterian church of North America began at Chicago, yesterday, in the Sixth United Presbyterian church. The opening sermon was preached by Rev. S. R. Lyons, D. D., president of Monmouth college, Ill. The greatest discussion in the assembly will be over the revision of the testimony on secret societies. Many members of oath-bound organizations are now in the church, and it is causing trouble.

ITINERANCY OF METHODIST MINISTRY

Is Now a Thing of the Past—The General Conference Has Abolished the Pastorate Time Limit.

BY TWO HUNDRED MAJORITY.

This Makes One of the Most Radical Changes Ever Effected in the Church's History.

CHICAGO, May 23.—With the election of bishops and the important question of admitting women to the general conference disposed of, the Methodist general conference to-day resumed the discussion of the pastorate time limit. The discussion this morning was mainly over the minority report of the committee, which provided for a five-year extension of the pastorate only on a three-fourths vote of a quarterly conference, which one speaker declared to be a "vicious proposition," and an amendment offered by Secretary D. S. Munroe, substituting the word "three" for "five" in section 3 of paragraph 173 of the discipline, thus returning to the three-year time limit, but with the provision that the pastorate may be extended for periods of three years by a majority report of a quarterly conference.

Dr. J. M. Buckley advocated as a compromise measure the adoption of the minority report with a majority vote of a quarterly conference instead of three-fourths, as a requisite for extension.

Raised a Storm of Applause.

Dr. R. S. Copeland, a lay delegate, of Ann Arbor, aroused a storm of applause by advocating an "unmodified, unqualified, unaltered abolition of the time limit," and when he concluded cries of "vote, vote," came from all over the hall.

The previous question was ordered by an overwhelming vote and Dr. S. F. Upham, chairman of the committee on itinerancy, closed the debate in favor of the majority report.

A motion to lay on the table the substitute (minority) report and all amendments was carried by a vote of 365 to 283. Substitutes offered by various delegates were howled down and a yea and nay vote was ordered on the majority report.

The vote on the majority report of the committee on itinerancy was then announced by Secretary Munroe, as follows: Yeas, 433; nays, 233.

And thus the law of the Methodist church, whereby a minister has been able to remain in one pastorate but five years, was abolished.

The majority report of the committee on itinerancy reads as follows: The Change Effected.

Section 3, paragraph 173, of the discipline, is amended by striking out subsection 1 of section 3 and inserting therefor the words "he (the bishop) shall appoint the preachers in the several pastoral charges annually."

At the afternoon session Dr. J. M. King submitted a memorial to Congress asking for the passage of an amendment to the constitution of the United States disfranchising all persons practicing polygamy and barring them from the privilege of holding public office. It was read and adopted without discussion.

Bishops-elect Moore and Hamilton were tendered an informal reception by the alumni of the Mount Union college, of Ohio, at the Leland hotel this evening. Two hundreds persons attended.

A Sensation Promised.

Agent Mains, representative of the Methodist publishing interests in New York, was kept busy far into the night explaining certain portions of his quadrennial report to the committee on book concerns. Chairman Frank Arter, of the sub-committee, to which was referred the report of the publishing agents in the east, submitted a statement which will in all probability cause a sensation when it reaches the general conference. It calls attention to the fact that the eastern publishing house has permitted its working capital to become exhausted, while it has loaned its credit to outside enterprises. One case of the kind referred to in the report is that of the International Bible Society. According to the report, this concern or its representatives has owed the publishing house \$51,000 for several years, and apparently no effort has been made to adjust the account. Agent Mains explained that the western and eastern houses were partners in the manufacture of Bibles for the International Society, but the laws of the state of New York prevented the two corporations from combining, so that one corporation could not settle its account with the other. Mr. Arter did not appear satisfied with this explanation and condemned the system of book keeping in use. After an excited discussion it was decided to redraft the report, in spite of Mr. Arter's protest. The report also stated that the eastern house had paid large dividends and subsidies without reducing its liabilities.

CREED REVISION

Of Presbyterian Church Shirked and Goes Over to Next Assembly.

ST. LOUIS, May 23.—Pervading the Presbyterian general assembly at the forenoon session was a dignified quiet which was in sharp contrast to the excitement prevalent over creed revision at the hour of adjournment the night before.

At the afternoon session Rev. W. R. Noble, D. D., of California, was elected

permanent clerk on the first ballot. By an almost unanimous vote the report of the committee on bills and overtures providing for a committee of fifteen to inquire of the presbyteries their views as to the revision of confession of faith was adopted. This committee will report at the next general assembly. Rev. Dr. Charles A. Dickey, moderator of the assembly, was appointed chairman of the committee. The other members will be appointed later.

EDITORIAL ASSOCIATION.

Second Day's Session of That Body. President's Annual Address—Banquetted by Parkersburg Board of Trade.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence. PARKERSBURG, W. Va., May 23.—The first regular business session of the eleventh annual meeting of the West Virginia Editorial Association, began at 9 o'clock this morning, with President E. H. Flinn, of Spencer, in the chair. Immediately after calling the session to order the president delivered his annual address, which was quite lengthy and gave full details of the work of the association during the past year. The reports of the officers and standing committees were then read, after which the Hon. A. B. White, ex-president of the National Editorial Association, read a well written poem, written by Frank Preston Smart, telegraph editor of the Morning News.

The session closed with an address by J. Shedd Brown, of the Kingwood Argus. In the afternoon a large majority of the editors, accompanied by their wives, went on an excursion to Blennerhassett Island, as guests of the Parkersburg Press Club, and in the evening they attended a concert given in their honor at Terrapin park. This evening they are being banquetted at the Blennerhassett hotel, by the board of trade. The election of officers for the ensuing year will take place during to-morrow morning's session.

PARKERSBURG SENSATION

Grand Jury Returns Indictments Against Mayor Turner and Ex-Councilman Moore on a Charge of Receiving Bribes.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligence. PARKERSBURG, W. Va., May 23.—The special grand jury, now in session here, created a sensation to-night by returning indictments against Mayor Charles H. Turner and ex-Councilman W. W. Moore on the charge of receiving bribes. The indictments were found upon the evidence of W. H. Grier, formerly of the McCormick Harvester Company, who, it is alleged, testified that he paid the mayor \$200 and Moore about \$100 to prevent the Deering Company from giving a parade here about a year ago.

An important bit of evidence is said to have been a bill for \$300 against Mayor Turner for services not rendered, which Grier unsuccessfully tried to collect by legal process.

WESTERN FRENZY

Spent Upon a Colored Victim Who Assaulted and Murdered Two Girls, Inmates of an Orphan Asylum at Pueblo, Colorado.

PUEBLO, Col., May 23.—Five minutes after Calvin Kimbren, the Colorado murderer, reached Pueblo from Denver, where he was captured yesterday on a Denver & Rio Grande train, shortly before 2 o'clock this morning, his almost naked corpse was being dragged through the streets by as many men as could lay hands on the rope around his neck, followed by a howling mob of at least 3,000 people. The six officers in charge of the prisoner made no attempt to resist the mob.

As the train pulled into the Eighth street depot, Kimbren was pushed out of the front end of the smoking car and into the hands of the mob. A noose was cast about his neck. Many hands at once seized it. Kimbren made but the slightest resistance. Heavy steel manacles bound his wrists, and he was helpless.

Frenzied Brutality.

He was dragged face downward over the railroad tracks. The noose tightened about his neck, and he was undoubtedly dead before he was hanged to a telegraph pole, two blocks from the depot. Twice the rope broke after the body had been hauled up, but the third attempt at hanging was successful. After the body had been allowed to dangle in the air a few minutes, the rope was cut, and the corpse was dragged a few blocks further, the crowd clamoring for a fire to burn the corpse.

Mayor West exhorted the mob, which included some women, to disperse, but long after many of the crowd had gone home, or stood on the outskirts, boys and young men danced about the remains, insisting that the man was not dead.

Stripped the Body.

They stripped the body to the waist, and a man who claimed to be a doctor said that his heart was still beating. The mob then hooked the manacles to one of the spikes on the side of the pole, where the body was again hanged up. It was finally taken to the morgue late in the morning.

On the journey from Denver, Kimbren was fully aware of the fate that awaited him, but he retained his composure, and smoked or slept much of the time.

Kimbren assaulted and murdered two young girls at the orphan asylum on Sunday morning. He also tried to kill his wife.

Movements of Steamships.

ANTWERP—Switzerland, Philadelphia.

LIVERPOOL—Belgianland, Philadelphia.

SOUTHAMPTON—St. Paul, New York; Lahn, New York, via Cherbourg for Bremen; Kaiser Wilhelm, Grosser, from Bremen for New York, via Cherbourg.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For Ohio—Showers Thursday; cooler in northern and eastern portions; Friday partly cloudy; probably showers in eastern portion; variable winds.

For Western Pennsylvania—Showers Thursday; cooler in southern portion; Friday partly cloudy; probably showers; variable winds.

For West Virginia—Showers Thursday; cooler in northwest half; Friday partly cloudy; probably showers; variable winds.

Local Temperature.

The temperature yesterday as observed by C. Schaept, druggist, corner Market and Fourteenth streets, was as follows:

7 a. m. 64 8 a. m. 67 9 a. m. 68 10 a. m. 70 11 a. m. 71 12 m. 72 1 p. m. 73 2 p. m. 74 3 p. m. 75 4 p. m. 76 5 p. m. 77 6 p. m. 78 7 p. m. 79 8 p. m. 80 9 p. m. 81 10 p. m. 82 11 p. m. 83 Weather—Fair